IN THE CLAIMS

1. (currently amended) A method for forming a high strength hydrogel medical implant comprising:

preparing a polymer hydrogel solution; injecting the solution into a mold; causing said molded solution to gel by physically cross-linking the solution; washing said molded gel in a physiologic solution; dehydrating the molded gel; and packaging the implant.

2. (original) The method as set forth in claim 1 wherein said washing takes place for about one day to twelve weeks.



- 3. (original) The method as set forth in claim 2 wherein the washing takes place from two weeks to twelve weeks.
- 4. (original) The method as set forth in claim 2 wherein the physiologic solution is .9% phosphate buffered sodium chloride solution.
- 5. (currently amended) The method as set forth in claim 4 wherein the sodium chloride saline-solution further contains a potassium carbonate solution.
- 6. (original) The method as set forth in claim 5 wherein the potassium carbonate solution is between about .025 M and .05 M.
- 7. (original) The method as set forth in claim 6 wherein a .05 M potassium carbonate solution is used for a first portion of the washing and a .025 M potassium carbonate solution is used for a later portion of the washing.
- 8. (original) The method as set forth in claim 1 wherein the dehydration reduces the water content of the gel to its approximate in vivo equilibrium water content.

9. (original) The method as set forth in claim 8 further including irradiating the molded gel after said washing.

Docket No.: SPINE 3.0-352

- 10. (original) The method as set forth in claim 8 wherein said molded gel is hydrated to about 80% water content prior to irradiation.
- 11. (original) The method as set forth in claim 4 wherein said washing in said saline solution is for at least one day.
- 12. (original) The method as set forth in claim 11 wherein said buffered sodium chloride solution includes potassium phosphate.
- 13. (currently amended) A process for treating a hydrogel comprising:

 forming a hydrogel from a polymer solution by physically cross-linking the
 polymer; and

 washing the hydrogel in a saline solution including potassium carbonate.
- 14. (original) The process for treating a hydrogel as set forth in claim 13, wherein the saline solution contains between .025 and .05 M potassium carbonate.
- 15. (original) The process for treating a hydrogel as set forth in claim 14, wherein the washing takes place for at least one day.
- 16. (original) The process for treating a hydrogel as set forth in claim 15, wherein the washing takes place for between one day and 12 weeks.
- 17. (original) The process for treating a hydrogel as set forth in claim 13, wherein the washing solution is heated.
- 18. (original) The process for treating a hydrogel as set forth in claim 17 wherein the solution is heated to 37°C.

19. (original) The process for treating a hydrogel as set forth in claim 13, wherein the solution is a .9% phosphate buffered sodium chloride solution with between .025 M and .25 M potassium carbonate added thereto.

- 20. (original) The process as set forth in claim 19 wherein the potassium carbonate added is between .025 M and .05 M.
- 21. (new) The method as set forth in claim I wherein the gel formed is semi-crystalline.
- 22. (new) The method as set forth in claim 21 wherein the washing is done for two to twelve weeks in a .9% phosphate buffered sodium chloride solution.
- 23. (new) The method as set forth in claim 22 wherein the solution further contains potassium carbonate.
- 24. (new) The method as set forth in claim 21 wherein the physiologic solution has an ionic charge.
- 25. (new) The method as set forth in claim 1 wherein the polymer is poly (vinyl alcohol).
- 26. (new) The method as set forth in claim 1 wherein the hydrogel is physically cross-linked.
 - 27. (new) A method of forming a hydrogel medical implant comprising: preparing a polymer solution;

physically cross-linking the solution to form a semi-crystalline gel using a freezing-thawing technique;

increasing the crystallinity of the gel by washing the gel in a saline solution which further contains potassium carbonate.

Application No.: 10/020,389 Docket No.: SPINE 3.0-352

28. (new) The process for treating a hydrogel as set forth in claim 27 wherein the solution is a .9% phosphate buffered sodium chloride solution with between .025 M and .25 M potassium carbonate added thereto.

- 29. (new) The method as set forth in claim 27 further including irradiating the molded gel after said washing.
- 30. (new) The method as set forth in claim 27 wherein the polymer is poly (vinyl alcohol).

